

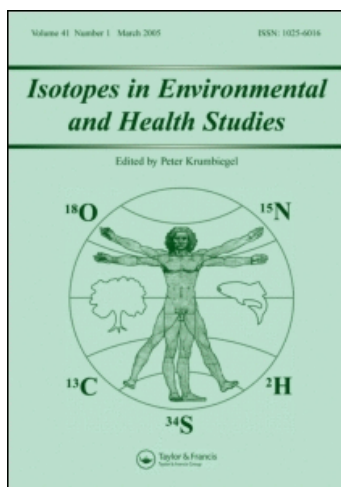
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Corrigendum

Lee J. Florea; Dorien K. McGee, 2010, Stable isotopic and geochemical variability within shallow groundwater beneath a hardwood hammock and surface water in an adjoining slough (Everglades National Park, Florida, USA). *Isotopes in Environmental and Health Studies*, **46/2**: 190–209.

Portions of the data used in this study were presented at the 14th Symposium of the Geology of the Bahamas and other Carbonate Terranes and the Geological Society of America Annual Meeting in 2008 and 2009, respectively. The authors prepared an extended paper for their conference proceedings volume. That paper was submitted in September of 2009 and published in June 2010. In early 2010, the authors prepared and submitted a more thorough treatment of their work to *Isotopes in Environment and Health Studies* (GIEH) for peer-review and distribution among the larger hydrologic and isotope communities. Subsequent review and revision resulted in the finalised manuscript.

Although similar language is reflected in both articles, the authors intended the GIEH paper to be more international in scope. The Bahamas Proceedings article is structured more as a report of data collected from the Everglades ecosystem, whereas the GIEH article focusses more upon the theoretical and applied usage of stable isotopes in hydrologic and climate studies.

The authors would like to acknowledge and cite the earlier version of the article published in the *Proceedings of the 14th Symposium on the Geology of the Bahamas and other Carbonate Regions*.

Florea, L.J., McGee, D.K., Wynn, J. (2010). Stable Isotope Geochemistry of Shallow Groundwater beneath a Hardwood Hammock and Surface Water in an Adjoining Slough in Everglades National Park, pp. 53–66, in Fred Siewers and Jon Martin (Eds.), *Proceedings of the 14th Symposium on the Geology of the Bahamas and other Carbonate Regions*. San Salvador, Bahamas: Gerace Research Center.

Dr L.J. Florea & Dr D.K. McGee
July 2010

Taylor & Francis have been assured by the authors that there was no attempt at academic dishonesty, merely confusion with an earlier treatment of the authors' research within a non-peer-reviewed symposium. The Publishers of the original article have also granted their permission for this updated treatment to appear in GIEH.

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